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Laser spectroscopy of triply charged Th-229 toward a nuclear clock

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Abstract

The first-excited nuclear state of Thorium-229 (^{229m}Th) can be excited from the ground state by a vacuum ultraviolet laser. One of its applications is a nuclear clock: an atomic clock based on the nuclear transition between the ground state and ^{229m}Th .

An ion trap is an optimal system for the nuclear clock because the quantum states of the ^{229}Th ion in a trap can be precisely controlled by laser cooling. We developed an ion trap system of triply charged ^{229}Th ($^{229}\text{Th}^{3+}$). The ^{229}Th recoil ions emitted from ^{233}U were cooled by collisions with a helium buffer gas and extracted as a low-energy ion beam by an RF carpet. Since 2% of the recoiled ^{229}Th ions from ^{233}U is ^{229m}Th , laser spectroscopy of trapped $^{229m}\text{Th}^{3+}$ ions can be performed. Such measurements provide detailed knowledge of this unique nuclear state. In this presentation, we will present details on our experiments of trapping and laser spectroscopy of $^{229}\text{Th}^{3+}$.